

Keys Bengals: Kitten Care, Recommendations, and Important Information: Page 5:

Before, and after Your Kitten Arrives: Set up his/her food, fresh water, and clean litter box in a room isolated from other pets. It is recommended that this "quarantine" period last up to 2-3 weeks; each kitten is different so the timeline is approximate. It is important that your kitten is given adequate time to settle into his/her new home before introducing other household pets. After your kitten has become comfortable around you and your family, slowly introduce him/her to the household pets and other rooms. During this time your new kitten will know where the litter box is, food and water and will likely have zero accidents. When the new kitten is exposed to the entire space, accidents happen, eating habits start to change, and a pecking order & sometimes squabbles with other animals happen even without your knowledge**. Please supervise all visits until you are certain your kitten is safe and comfortable. Your kitten may have issues eating, and get diarrhea the first 1-3 days due to stress. If longer, call and/or take the kitten to the veterinarian.

Feeding & Water for Your Kitten: Your kitten is currently eating: Redford Naturals dry kibble and is always available for snacking anytime, and wet food by Redford naturals. It is not recommended to feed low-end commercial foods as cats are naturally carnivores and low-end foods can contain ingredients that are hard for them to digest. 1 brand to stay away from for example is Kindful from Target (Cats are peeing blood and getting diarrhea from it)! Do your research on food products. Your kitten is used to drinking out of a water fountain. Bengals are naturally attracted to water and like to put their paws in their water bowls for fun. If you choose to change food, DO IT SLOWLY. 1 part of new food to 3 parts old food for a week, then 2 parts of new food to 1 part of old food for a week. Then week 3 -go all new food. There are raw foods you can build that include additional vitamins, immune boosters, and supplements to ensure health and wellness. An all-raw diet is best for your Bengal because their digestive tract is shorter than a regular domestic cat. This is because the Bengal breed is very close to the wild Asian Leopard Cat and has not evolved to consume the additives, preservatives, grains, and vegetables added to commercial foods. When transitioning to different food brands, your kitten may not want to eat right away and may get diarrhea. Bengals are extremely picky eaters.

Litter: Your kitten is currently using Arm and Hammer Litter Multi-Cat clump-able litter. 1.litter box per 2 cats placed in a quiet area. Your kitten's litter box is currently being scooped twice daily. Litter box is dumped and washed/sanitized out weekly. Cats do not like using dirty litter boxes, so it is recommended cleaning/scooping them at least once daily, and dumping and washing and sanitizing the litter box 1 or 2 times a month. DEWORMING- all cats should be dewormed every 3 months; your kitten deworming dates will be listed on the Keys Bengals: Cat/kitten Information, and Appearance List

Exercise: It is strongly recommended to have plenty of toys readily available for your new kitten. Bengals are very active and require plenty of toys to "keep them out of trouble". Chewy, Pet Supplies Plus, and Amazon are great places to get all your pet's needs! It is recommended that you invest in a cat tree for your new kitten. They are relatively inexpensive and last a very long time. Cat wheels are wonderful options to stimulate your Bengal. I use and recommend Ziggy Doo as they are quiet and safe. They like to be challenged. Electronic games are fun, laser lights and other chargeable toys are great. Games to get treats out of are also cool. Cat scratching posts are great as well to help keep them from scratching furniture, carpet, or other items in your home.

Safety: Bengals are very intelligent, curious, and active cats. Listed below are some common safety hazards: Keep your kitten out of the kitchen when cooking. Your kitten could burn his/her paw pads if he/she jumps onto the stovetop. Keep knives, scissors, and other sharp objects in drawers after each use. Keep your Bengal away from poisonous plants and flowers like Lilies. Please do your research before bringing new plants into your home. Kittens can easily chew through wires (such as electrical cords) and possibly receive a life-threatening electrical shock. Place electrical outlet covers on all vacant outlets. Because Bengals are fascinated by water, keep all toilet lids down. Do not allow unsupervised play in the bathtub when it is full. Do not leave any sinks or deep wash buckets full of water without supervision.

Please Share with Your Veterinarian: Clavamox, Doxycycline & Baytril are ideal antibiotics for Bengals. Tell your vet do not use Ketamine, Bengal's do not handle that medication well. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at: (262) 689-1224 fastest way to get response is message me on Facebook Messenger.